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Europe – Asia obelisks

The Urals is the border of two continents: Europe and Asia. Usually the border between Europe and Asia is drawn along the Ural Mountains. But it's correctly location is still being debated.



In the Urals, established dozens of monuments on the border between Europe and Asia, including ones in very remote places. However, not all of them match the actual border.

The northernmost obelisk at the border of Europe and Asia stands on the shore of the Strait Yugorsky. It was established in this difficult terrain in 1973. Border sign is a wooden pillar with the inscription "Europe-Asia".

The easternmost obelisk located on the Polevsky highway in the Kurganovo village. It was established in 1986.



It's worth to note that the most "space" monument "Europe-Asia" is located on Nizhny Tagil – Uralets track. It was opened in 1961 and is dedicated to the space flight of Yuri Gagarin. It looks like a square pillar height of 6 meters. It's crowned with image of the globe.



One of the most beautiful and large obelisks is on the highway between Kachkanar - Chusovoi. It's appeared in 2003, the height is about 16 meters. Here is the line has been drawn on the pavement, symbolized the border of parts of the world.



The most famous and popular monuments on the border of Europe and Asia are on the tract between Moscow and Yekaterinburg near Pervouralsk.



The first monument on the border between Europe and Asia has become a monument on Mount Berezovaya. It is located closely to the city at the former Pervouralsk Siberian Highway.

There is an obelisk "Europe-Asia" and Novomoskovskiy tract (17 km) in the city of Yekaterinburg. He appeared in August 2004, made by architect Konstantin Gruenberg. It is a marble pedestal with a viewing platform and a metal stele. Stones were laid here with extreme points of Europe and Asia - from Cape Roc and Cape Dezhnev.

