



Использование технологии сотрудничества во внеурочной деятельности

*Ваторопина Елена Васильевна,
учитель английского языка
МАОО СОШ №1, г. Сысерть*

"Интерес – как бы естественный двигатель детского поведения, он является верным выражением инстинктивного стремления... деятельность ребенка совпадает с его органическими потребностями... Педагогический закон гласит: прежде, чем ты хочешь призвать ребенка к какой-либо деятельности, заинтересуй его ею..."

Л.С. Выготский



**Использование технологии сотрудничества
во внеурочной деятельности**

Преимущества внеурочной деятельности

- Формируется интерес учащихся к определенной теме и иностранному языку в целом.
- Развиваются творческие способности ученика.
- Снимается психологический барьер при выступлениях на публике.
- Формируется духовно-нравственное начало.
- Направление образовательной деятельности свободно выбирается самим обучающимся на основе собственных интересов и потребностей.



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"Сотрудничать – работать, действовать вместе, принимать участие в общем деле» *(из словаря С. И. Ожегова)*



В основе педагогики сотрудничества:

- гуманно-личностный подход к ребёнку,
- постановка личности школьника в центр всей учебно-воспитательной системы,
- гуманистическая ориентация воспитания, формирование общечеловеческих ценностей,
- развитие творческих способностей ребёнка,
- вариативность и дифференциация обучения,
- создание ситуации успеха для каждого ребенка.



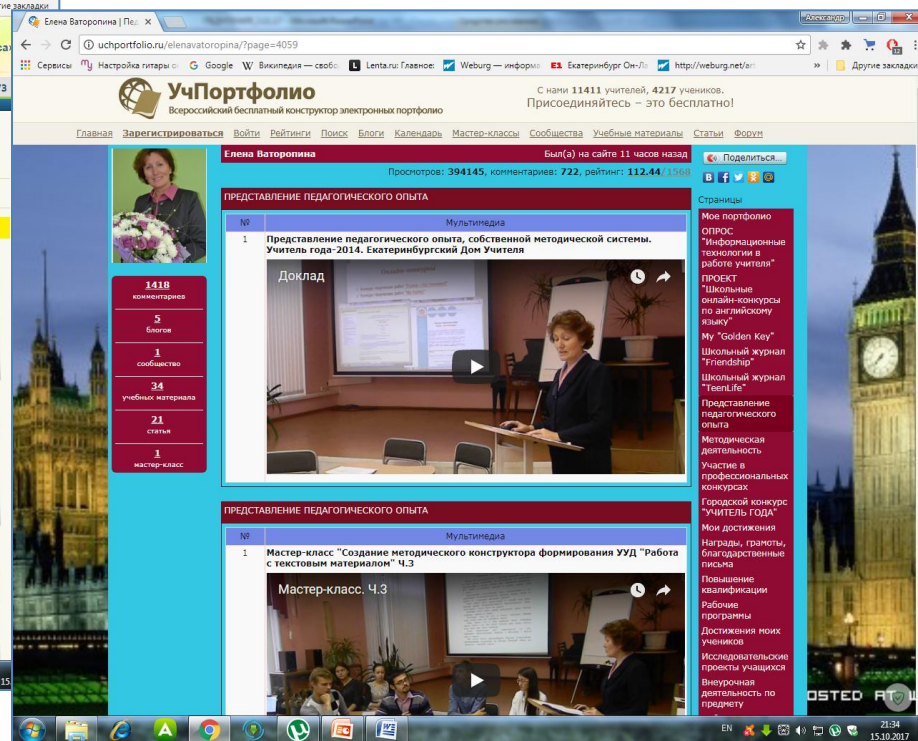
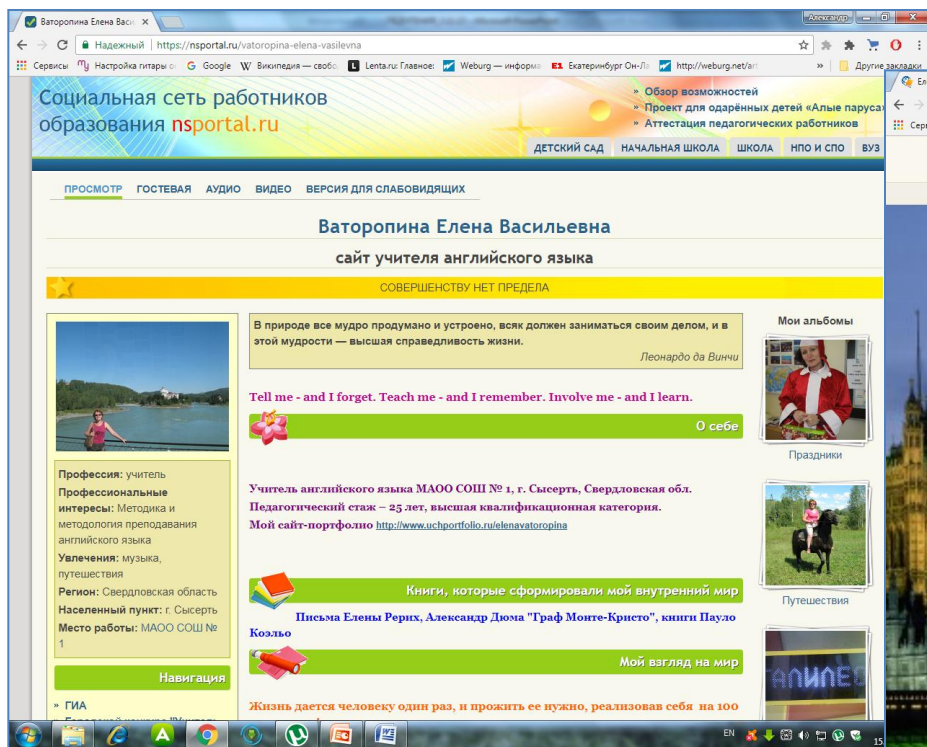
**Использование технологии сотрудничества
во внеурочной деятельности**

Направления внеурочной деятельности



**Использование технологии сотрудничества
во внеурочной деятельности**

Представление опыта работы на персональном сайте и сайте-портфолио педагога



Использование технологии сотрудничества
во внеурочной деятельности

Проектная деятельность

Работа по созданию
исследовательских и творческих проектов



**Использование технологии сотрудничества
во внеурочной деятельности**

Наши достижения 2016–2017 уч. год



Конкурс проектов	Участники	Результат
Открытая гуманитарная конференция "Малахитовая шкатулка" (гимназия 155, г. Екатеринбург)	Просвирнина Арина, Рогожина Софья	Номинация "Лучший информационный проект"
XI Всероссийский конкурс исследовательских, практико-ориентированных и творческих проектов на английском языке среди учащихся школ и вузов (УрГПУ, ИИЯ)	Саидов Данир, Ваганова Ольга, Главизнина Марина, Мавлетдинова Александра	II место
Всероссийский конкурс проектов "Созидание и творчество"	Абросимова Полина, Просвирнина Арина, Чермянинов Данил, Баянкина Валерия, Рогожина Софья, Гусева Анастасия, Лекарев Даниил	Лауреат I степени



**Использование технологии сотрудничества
во внеурочной деятельности**

«My native land in P. Bazhov's tales»



Использование технологии сотрудничества
во внеурочной деятельности

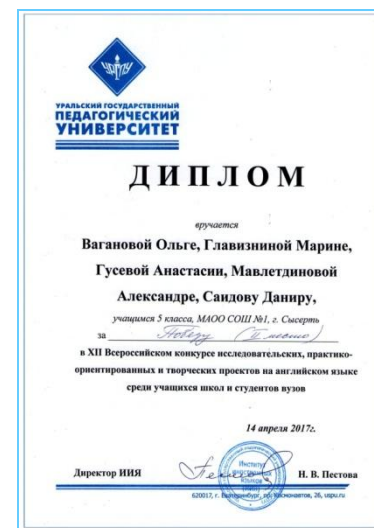
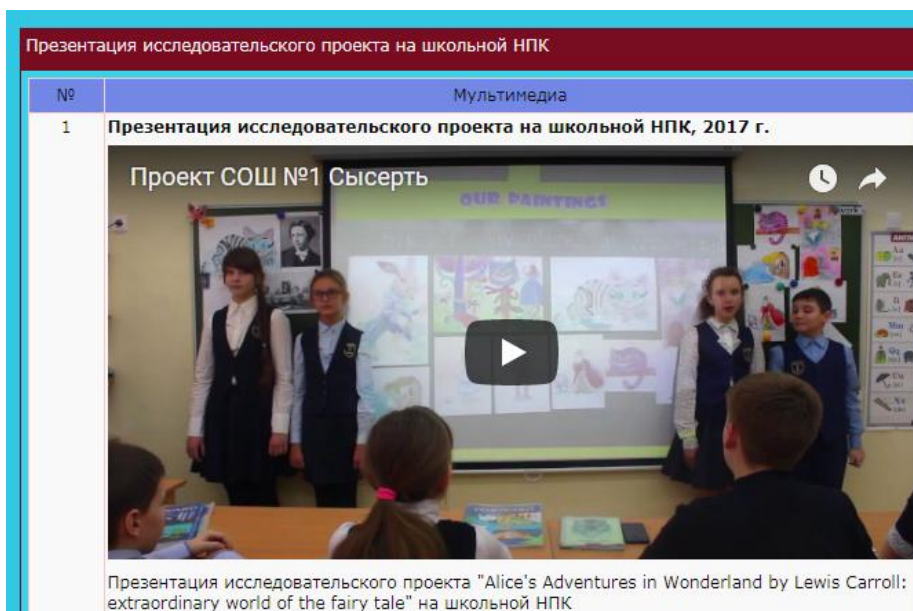
Творческие работы учащихся



Использование технологии сотрудничества
во внеурочной деятельности

«Alice's Adventures in Wonderland by Lewis Carroll: extraordinary world of the fairy tale»

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=K0ihuo0pynw&t=8s>



**Использование технологии сотрудничества
во внеурочной деятельности**

Творческие работы учащихся



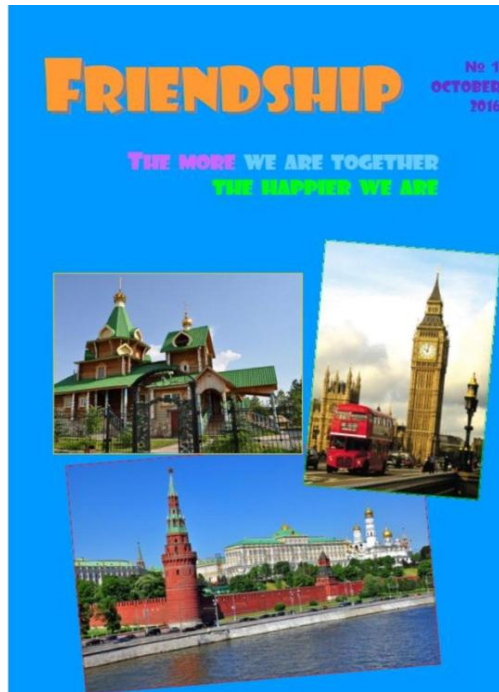
Внеурочная деятельность по английскому языку:
обучение в сотрудничестве

Школьный журнал “Friendship”



Изучение родного края

Школьный журнал «Friendship»



SCHOOL FESTIVAL

"WE LIVE IN THE URALS"

The annual festival "We live in the Urals" was held in our school. Representatives of different peoples and religions have lived in the Urals for centuries side by side in peace and harmony. The aim of the festival was to preserve, develop and popularize the national traditional cultural heritage of the peoples of the Middle Urals, identify and support talented performers and creative teams, form a tolerant culture of dialogue.

Pupils from all the classes showed their performances. Spectators (our schoolmates, their parents, teachers) had a great chance to enjoy exciting spectacles, incendiary dances and songs. Pupils represented customs and traditions of the Bashkirs, Tatars, Russians and other peoples of the Urals, their national costumes and cuisine.

The festival became a great school event, which helped us to learn many new facts from the history and culture of our native land and discover brilliant talents among our schoolmates and teachers! They tried to do all their best to make this festival unforgettable for all the guests!




Ural Federal District covers an area of 18,185 square kilometers, about 10% of Russia. According to the 2010 Census, the district had a population of 12,080,526, of whom 82.74% were Russians, 5.14% Tatars, 2.87% Ukrainians and 2.15% Bashkirs. The remainder comprises various ethnicities of the former Soviet Union. 79.9% of the district's population lived in urban areas.

The district provides about 42% of Russian tax incomes, mostly from industry. Its major branches are fuel mining and production (53%), metallurgy (24%) and metal processing and engineering (8.8%). The latter two are especially developed in Chelyabinsk and Sverdlovsk Oblast which constitute 83% of Russian metallurgy and 75% of metal processing and engineering. Whereas fuel and mineral mining has been providing a nearly constant outcome between 1990 and 2006, metal processing and engineering are declining, despite the fact that they employ up to 30% of industry workers of the district. Local ore processing plants can provide only 20% of required copper, 28% chromium, 35% iron and 17% coal, and many of these resources are nearly exhausted.

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia





Моя родина

Школьный журнал «Friendship»

My native land

Sysert

(named after the river Sysert) is situated 30 km south from the city Ekaterinburg. It spreads on steep slopes covered with coniferous forest of the deep valley of the river Sysert, and on the banks of ponds at the foot of Mt. Besenkovaya.

This mountain and Sysertskii pond are the main sights of the local landscape - from the upper part of the mountain a spectacular panorama of the city and the river valley opens before us. Mt. Besenkovaya is the highest peak in the area. At its base the first buildings of the Sysert metallurgical factory were built. On the peak and slopes, signs of primitive men were found - among them bronze bird idols - similar to those found on the top of Mt. Azov near the town Polevskoi, arrow-heads and stone boomerangs.

The first settlement was based here in 1732, in connection with construction the metallurgical factory on the river Sysert. The raw material (iron ore) for the factory was sent from the deposit, discovered by peasants from the village Aramilskaia Guboda in 1680. The factory's location was chosen directly by William de Gennin - an engineer and artillery general. He found



this convenient place for a future factory at the confluence of the rivers Sysert and Chernaya in 1731.

For a long time Sysert was the central administrative department of the Sysert mountain district, including the following metallurgical factories - Sysertskii, Polevskoi, Severskii, Verkhnesysertskii, and Ilmskii. Sysert was originally planned and built by Alexey Turchaninov (famous salt producer and merchant in the Urals) in 1779—a monument of the architecture of the 18th century.

Two notable buildings - the Church of Saint Gideon and Anne and Turchaninov's house are located in the factory square on the bank of the Sysertskii pond, where different holidays are often celebrated.

Sysert is "washed" by lakes - Big Sysert from the south and southwest, Small Sysert and Ilmskii from the east. Big Sysert is located within the town limits and includes three gulfs: in the north, Chernovskoi (named after the river Chernaya), in the south, the longest Verkhnesysertskii and the shortest gulf in the northeast. The river Sysert flows from the last gulf in the lake several species of fish are found - perch, nuff, crucian, small fry, bream (freshwater) and pike. On the northern bank of the lake Mt. Bolshoi Ugor ("Big Hill") rises, and along the western bank stretches Mt. Chernovskoi Uval (named after the river Chernaya) - covered with mixed (pines, birches) forest. Also on the northern bank is the natural monument - the rock "Gorka-Bukta" (named after the hero of a Russian fairy-tale).

In the first quarter of the



18th century Sysert's metallurgical factory was one of the largest enterprises in the Ural. Sysert was known as the administrative centre of the rich mountain district, including Severskii and Polevskoi metallurgical factories, tin mines, gold mines and many subsidiary manufacturing enterprises and services. Sysert's factory smelted cast iron and manufactured iron articles. At various exhibitions the factory received many awards for the excellent quality of its production, on which the brand - the image of a heron, was put.

In the beginning of the 20th century Sysert was a typical Urals settlement - founded at the factory. Located here were schools - including the higher national school, a children's shelter with school, a small hospital, post office, telegraph office, meteorological station and some churches.

Sysert received "town status" in 1946 and it still maintains the aspect of a typical old Urals town, where wooden architecture prevails. The inhabitants number is about 30 thousand.



One of the sights in the region is Lake Talkov Kamien - located in a westerly direction 4 - 5 km from the town centre near Mt. Chernovskoi Uval. The lake has an artificial origin - it is an old abandoned talc mine, which was flooded by subterranean waters. Talc schist was mined here by hand in the last decades of the 19th century and was used as a fire retardant material in the metallurgical factories of the former Sysert mountain district.



The town's main tourist attraction is Bazhov's house. Pavel Petrovich Bazhov (1879-1950) is one of the most

It is worth visiting!



famous Russian writers. He is widely popular because he wrote many fairy-tales dedicated to the Urals and local craftsmen. The house holds many unique objects of Russian people daily life of the 19th and early 20th centuries. The exhibits include works made by gifted local artists and also kitchen utensils, spinning wheels, weaving loom, Russian sledges and other objects created by anonymous folk craftsmen.

The "Sysertskii Farfor" Porcelain Factory, which now produces porcelain tableware and sculpture, was founded on the basis of «Promcooperators» Guild, existed since 1942. First the Guild manufactured earthenware, but from the late 40-ies it came close to renovation of porcelain industry, which had definite traditions in Sysert - a small porcelain manufacture existed there as far back as the late 19th - the early 20th century.

At present the enterprise produces decorative sculpture on subjects of folk fairy-tales of the Urals. Russian narrative poems and ballads; tea- and coffee-sets, decorative vases. Usually the articles are decorated with underglaze painting, but sometimes overglaze painting is applied. Soft brownish-grey and light blue tones are mostly used in painting. Ornamental concepts are often found in the landscapes of the Urals.



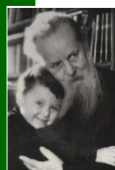
Collections of Sysert artworks are represented in many museums of the Russian Federation. These articles are rewarded with diplomas of different exhibitions.

Elena V. Vatoropina

Творческие работы учащихся Школьный журнал «Friendship»



Singer of the Urals



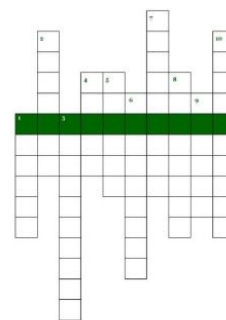
OUR FAMOUS COMPATRIOT

Pavel Bazhov is best known for his collection of fairy tales *The Malachite Box*, based on Ural folklore and published in the Soviet Union in 1939. In 1944, the translation of the collection into English was published in New York City and London. Later Sergei Prokofiev created the ballet *The Tale of the Stone Flower* based on one of the tales. Bazhov was also the author of several books on the Russian Revolution and the Civil War.

List of stories within *The Malachite Box*

This is a list of the stories in Pavel Bazhov's collection *The Malachite Box*. The first edition, released on 28 January 1939, consisted of 14 stories, based on the oral lore of the miners and gold prospectors. After the initial publication, the author continuously added new stories to the collection.

English Title	Russian Title	Year of publication
"That Dear Name"	"Дорогое имячко"	1936
"The Great Serpent"	"Про Великого Полоза"	1936
"The Mistress of the Copper Mountain"	"Мадной горы хозяйка"	1936
"The Bailiff's Bootsies"	"Прикачичкомы полотыши"	1936
"Sochen's Gems"	"Сочевы камни"	1937
"Mark's Stone"	"Марков камень"	1937
"The Flower of Stone"	"Каменный цветок"	1938
"The Malachite Casket"	"Малахитовая шкатулка"	1938
"Silver Hoof"	"Серебряное копытце"	1938
"The Mountain Craftsman"	"Горный мастер"	1939
"The Blue Crane's Spring"	"Синюшкыи колодезь"	1939
"Yermak's Swans"	"Ермаковы лебеди"	1940
"The Key to the Earth"	"Ключ земли"	1940
"The Dancing Fire Maid"	"Огневюшка-поскакушка"	1940
"A Fragile Twig"	"Хрупкая веточка"	1940
"Tayutka's Mirror"	"Тяюткино зеркальце"	1941
"The Sunstone"	"Солнечный камень"	1942
"Zhelezko's Covers"	"Железковы покрываши"	1942
"Veselukha's Meadow"	"Веселухин ложок"	1943
"That Spark of Life"	"Живинка в деле"	1943
"The Bogatyr's Glove"	"Богатырева рукавица"	1944
"The Eagle's Feather"	"Орлиное перо"	1945
"The Blue Snake"	"Голубая змейка"	1945
"Vasya's Mountain"	"Васина гора"	1946
"A Piece of The Dear Land"	"Дорогой земли виток"	1948
"Zhabrei's Path"	"Жабреев ходок"	1951



Silver Hoof
by Maxim Odnochev

Across
1 - One of the most popular tales of P. Bazov

Down
1 - Bazhov's place of birth
2, 3 - Bazhov was a school teacher of
4 - How many children were there in Bazhov's family?



The Flower of Stone
by Vika Azanova



Silver Hoof
by Nasya Volkova



The Dancing Fire Maid
by Arina Prosvirina



The Great Serpent
by Misha Alekseev



The Malachite Casket
by Ksenia Shabalina

Путешествия. Каникулы Школьный журнал «Friendship»



Summer is a small life



Sysert is 285!



Sysert is our native town. We live in a wonderful picturesque place. There are beautiful forests, rivers, lakes and mountains near Sysert.



From the every part of Sysert everyone can see the endless Ural mountains covered with pine forests. Among the forests there is a great number of hidden bodies of water - lakes, rivers and dams. Majestic eagles soar high in the sky. Not far from the town there is the natural Park "Bazhovskie mesta". Among the pines we can see a small but very deep lake Talkov Kamen, with amazingly clear water. Over the lake there is a rock with a breathtaking view from it.

We like going on hikes around our native land. We have exciting adventures there! They broaden our minds and give us so many positive emotions! We like walking in the forest and visiting museums and other interesting places of Sysert. We learn the history of our motherland. We love our native town and admire it.

Welcome to Sysert!

Summer is a small life

MY SUMMER holidays



A lot of interesting things happened in the summer. When we went to the stables, we saw camels there. I fed a camel Vasya. At first he was shabby and not fluffy. But some time later he became handsome, cute and very fluffy. I saw many ducks in the river. We often went to the forest to pick berries and gather mushrooms. We also rode the bicycles and went in for sports.

What a pity that summer lasts three months only!

Alyona Alabusheva, 4A

In June I visited my grandparents. They live in Irbit. I had been living there for seven days. I helped my grandparents with chores and taught them how to use the computer. Now they can watch films and videos on computer.

In July I went to the camp. The weather in July was bad, but we had a good time. We played different games and ate sweets. We laughed and walked much!

In August I stayed at home. I watched TV, played computer games, and prepared for school. I didn't forget to read books. I read books every day. I like reading very much!

Sasha Mavleidinova, 6A



This summer I traveled to different lakes. I fished, swam and sunbathed there. We often walked at night. We liked to sit around the campfire and watch the stars. We slept in the open air. My summer was splendid but very short!

Ivan Fedotenko, 4G



In summer I went to Sochi with my mother and father. We visited the Olympic Park. We saw the ice show there. In the evening we walked near the Singing Fountains. We also attended Rosy farm. We rode a cable car there. I really enjoyed my trip to Sochi!

Polina Pemyakova, 4G



In summer I and my sister Sasha went to the horse club "Volni Viter". We had our birthday party devoted to our first jubilee. We are 10 years old now! We had a picnic there. My mother prepared many fun games, quizzes and competitions. Our dear friends were merry and happy. We had a very good time there!

Then we had a photo shoot with a horse Boyard by name. Two weeks later the horse Melissa by name gave birth to a foal Premiere. My sister and I like to engage in equestrian club. We love horses very much! My dream is to have my own horse and to become a coach in the future.

Tika Golotova, 4G

On sunny days, I sunbathed on the meadow. When the weather was hot, we swam in the swimming pool. At the end of July I went to the carnival to another city. It was unforgettable. All my family went to the lake - it was great!

By the way, this summer there was an eclipse of the Moon. I watched it. It was fascinating!

This summer was beautiful! I liked it very much, but sometimes I missed my school and my schoolmates.

Marina Glavitskaya, 6A

Гости нашего журнала



Our guests

AMERICANS IN RUSSIA

My Visits to the Urals



What is life in another country like? What do the people eat? What kind of clothes do they wear? There are many ways to answer these questions. You can watch TV shows and movies. You can read books and magazines. You can even do research on the Internet, perhaps using Wikipedia and Google Maps. But the best way is to visit the country yourself. You can then experience the culture with all five of your senses (including smell!), and interact with the people whose lives embody it. Note that a single country might contain several cultures within its borders. This is certainly true of Russia where the culture of Kazan or Ulan-Ude is different from that of Moscow.

Nevyansk, Chusovaya Tourist Base, Sloboda, Verkhnyaya Pyshma, and Sysert. Focusing on the Yekaterinburg area has resulted in a sharper picture of Russian culture, but it's a relatively narrow one. Someday I hope to widen the picture by visiting other parts of Russia.

Each of my trips centered on Yekaterinburg. It is Russia's fourth largest city and has much for a foreign visitor to experience. I've been to the Yekaterinburg State Academic Opera and Ballet Theatre twice. The first time I watched a ballet and the second time an opera. I've listened to a classical music concert at the Sverdlovsk Philharmonic.

I've seen a play at the Sverdlovsk State Academic Musical Comedy Theater. I've visited both the History of Yekaterinburg Museum and the Ural Geological Museum. I spent a couple of hours on Vysotsky's Observation Deck looking down at the city spread out below me. I spent time in Shartash Lake Park and saw the Stone Tents. I spent several days in the Elmarsh neighborhood and saw what one of the city's residential areas is like. In 2009 I was at 1905 Square on May 9th and watched the Victory Day Parade. The majority of my time, however, was spent walking around by myself taking pictures - a great way to experience any city.



Yekaterinburg. Yakov Sverdlov statue and the Opera House



Yekaterinburg. Trolleys on Lenin Ave



Yekaterinburg. One of the Stone Tents in Shartash Lake Park

2017. I've also visited several nearby places, including Koltashi, Deer Streams Nature Park, Verkhny Tagil,



Our guests



Sysert. P. P. Bazhov Memorial House-Museum



Sysert. Hand-operated mechanism near the Sysert pond

One of the places near Yekaterinburg I traveled to is Sysert. I spent a sunny day in early summer visiting three locations in the city. The first was Besenkov Hill and the dam area. I've climbed many mountains in New York



Yekaterinburg. Shrek ride in Elmashevskiy Park

and New England, so I could appreciate the unique views of the city and Sysert Pond that Besenkov Hill provides. I find dams interesting, and the Sysert River's was no exception. I was especially interested in the hand-operated mechanism that controls how much of the pond's water flows downstream. The second location I visited was the P. P. Bazhov Memorial House-Museum. I've read an English language translation of Bazhov's book Malachite Casket: Tales from the Urals, so it was informative to see how the author lived while he was in Sysert. The last place I visited was Nature Park. Places from Bazhov's Stories (my translation of the park's name). As I mentioned, I've spent a lot of time in the woods, so I felt at home walking on the park's trails. Talc Stone Lake is a great place to take pictures!

The overall impression left by my four trips to Yekaterinburg is one of similarity and not difference. All the places I visited, from Yekaterinburg's Opera House to Sysert's Nature Park, were more similar to than different from like places in the United States. I did not feel as culturally disoriented as I might were I to visit Central Africa or East Asia. There are cultural differences,



Bazhov's grave in Yekaterinburg's Ivanovskoye Cemetery

such as food and clothing preferences, but they are not overwhelming. Even the language difference wasn't too much of a problem. I don't speak Russian, but I do know some words. I taught myself the Russian alphabet and can make a reasonable attempt at pronouncing a written word. I'll never forget walking on Sverdlova St. in Yekaterinburg during my first visit and sounding out a word printed on a sign: SUPERMARKET! I'm still amazed by the number of Russian words I understood because they were borrowed from English. The sense of familiarity this provided, along with the fact that many people spoke English, helped make me feel that I wasn't thousands of miles from home.

Bruce Bertrand,
Lake Placid, USA

Photos by the author

Гости нашего журнала



Our guests

RUSSIANS IN AMERICA

Why and How to Study English? (Or the "Work and Travel" Programme)



To know English today is absolutely necessary for every educated person. But everyone understands that it is not easy. There are lots of reasons to study English. Some people need it at work or to communicate with foreigners. Others speak English travelling around the world. It is the language of business, sport and computers.

Students study the English language at schools, colleges and universities. Some of them have the extra studies to improve their English. They visit different courses and private tutors. So did I. Besides school there were five years of studying English at the University. It's quite difficult to be a student of the faculty of foreign languages, but interesting. I'd like to tell you about my experience of speaking English.

When I was a fourth-year student I got to know about the "Work and Travel" programme,

which offered students a chance to go to the USA in summer to work for American companies in a sphere of service and after that to travel around the country. I had a good opportunity to visit the USA, to earn some money, to meet new friends and I tried my chance...

At the beginning of May 2007, I got a visa, a job offer and air tickets from Yekaterinburg to New York. And on the 21st of May my dream came true. It was a long way by plane. I changed a plane in Check Republic and in nine hours I was in J. F. K. International Airport. Then my friend and I took a bus to Lake Placid, NY. It is a little town and we stayed there for 3 months. We lived in a two-storeyed house. There were nine of Russian students in our house. It was pretty funny. I worked as a housekeeper at my first job. I cleaned rooms in a hotel and for a good job I got tips from the guests. And my part time job was in a café like a McDonalds. I like both of the jobs because of my nice employers and communication with people. In general, Americans like Russian students who come to the USA for the summer. They are good hosts and friends and ready to help. And of course I had weekends and travelled different cities. I liked New York City most of all. I had a lot of pictures when I returned to Russia.

The most fascinating thing in America is communication with native speakers. Everyone who comes to the States has the aim to improve their English, to see how Americans live. During my staying here I was collecting and studying the information about American slang which helped me to write my diploma.



America gave me a significant life experience. I realized who I am and improved my English, but I don't want to live here. I like my country and I wouldn't like to change my life. And I advise everybody to be a participant of the "Work and Travel" programme. It is worth it...

Maria I. Shikhovtseva,
School 67, Yekaterinburg

14 Friendship № 5 September – October 2017

Travelling around the world

My trip to China



This summer I was lucky enough to go to China. China is a very interesting country, there are a lot of features in the field of nature, food, culture, traditions. I lived in the city of Guangzhou,

this is a very interesting and modern city. There I visited a huge museum, many different places, temples, parks, even I could ride along the river on a tourist ship. There are a lot of skyscrapers in Guangzhou, some of them are 100-120 stories high, and a lot of shopping streets where you can buy anything (foreigners like to buy there a variety of tea).

I traveled to the city of Guilin,

which is known as a tourist city. We were accommodated in a good hotel in the heart of the city. In the province where this city is located, there are a lot of beautiful mountains and rivers. In Guilin I visited a shopping district and a local circus.

In addition to entertainment, I studied Chinese language, as well as Chinese culture.

Mikhail Zhilin, 10A

My visit to America



Photos by Igor S. Sokolov,
Sysert, Russia

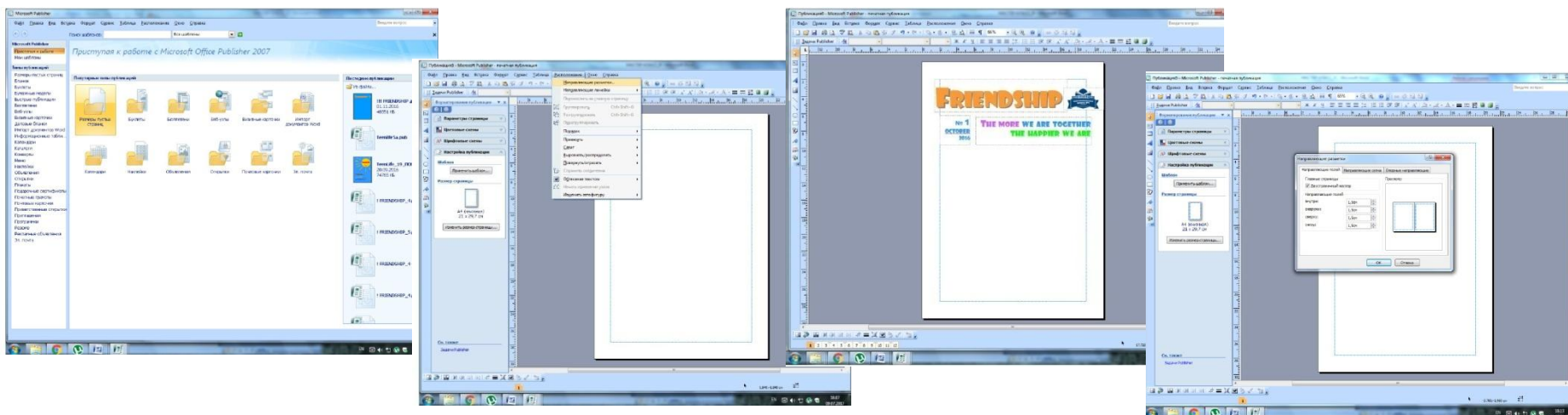
15 Friendship № 5 September – October 2017

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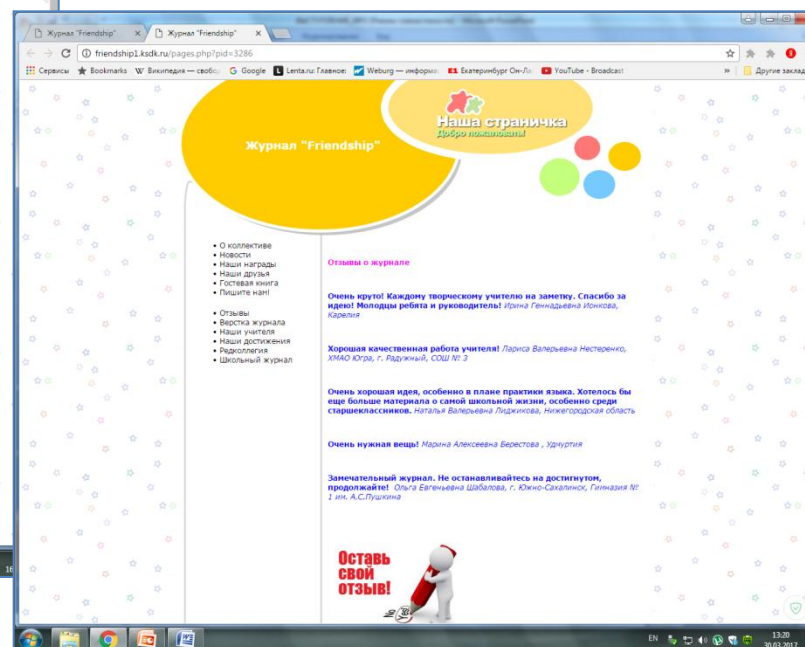
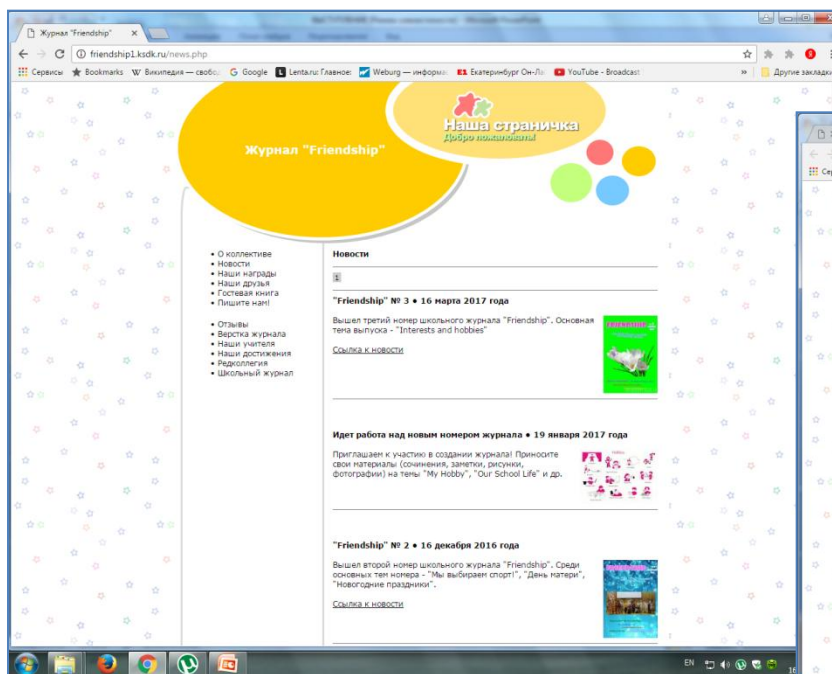
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Использование технологии сотрудничества
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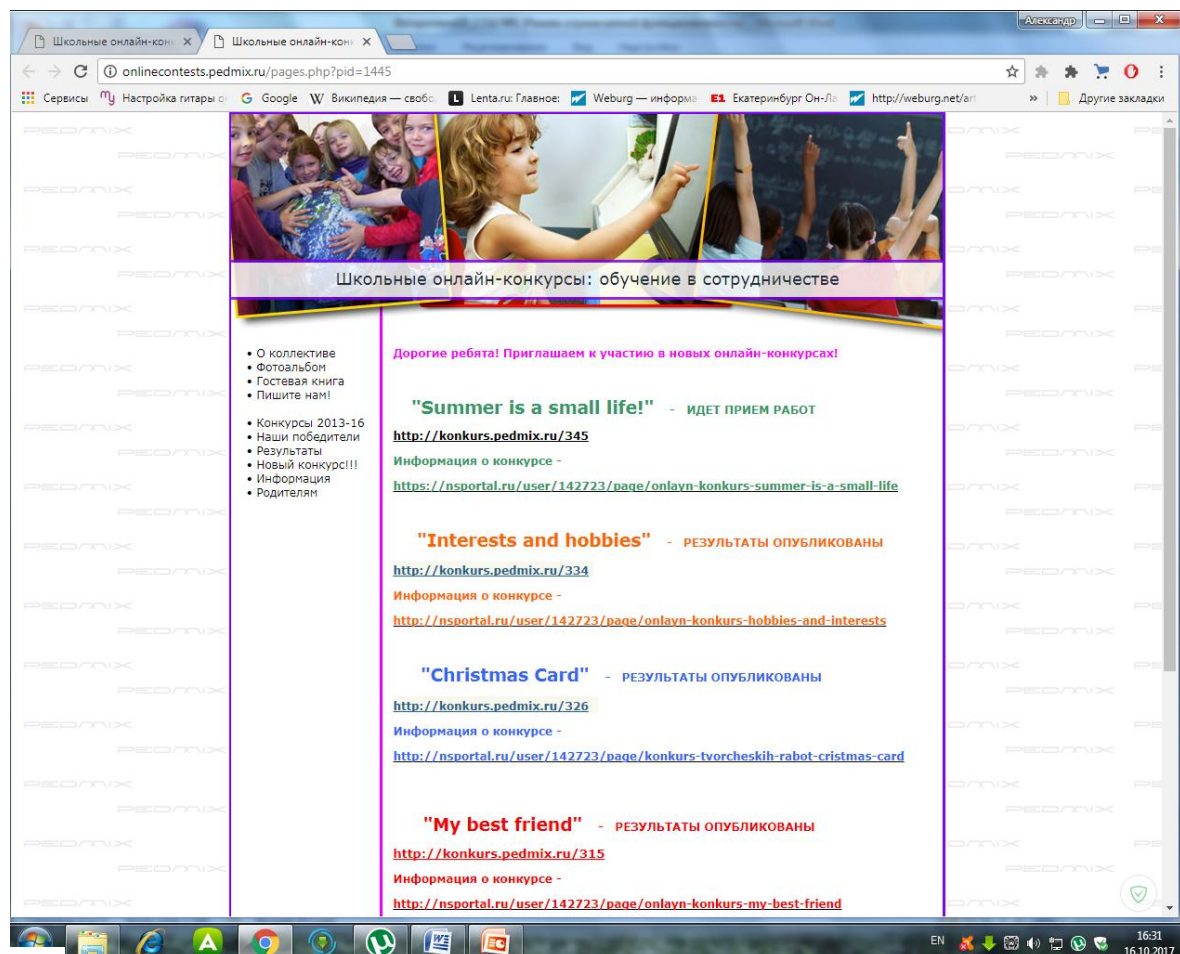
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- Устанавливаются взаимосвязи между всеми участниками внеурочной деятельности.
- Действует принцип вариативности.
- Соблюдается принцип креативности.
- Принцип успешности и социальной значимости.



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Использование технологии сотрудничества
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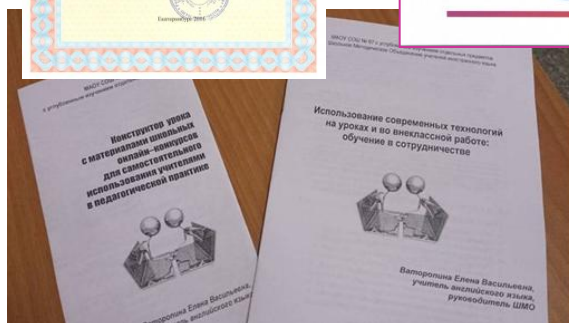
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**Использование технологии сотрудничества
во внеурочной деятельности**

Обмен опытом



Практическая часть мастер-класса
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Любая деятельность может быть либо технологией, либо искусством. Искусство основано на интуиции, технология – на науке. С искусства всё начинается, технологией заканчивается, чтобы затем всё началось сначала.

В.П.Беспалько

**Успехов
в
работе!**

