**12. Задание 12 №**[**2867**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=2867)

Вы проводите информационный поиск в ходе выполнения проектной работы. Определите, в каком из текстов **A–F** содержатся ответы на интересующие Вас вопросы **1–7**. Один из вопросов останется без ответа. Занесите Ваши

ответы в таблицу.

1. What is the essential piece of uniform?

2. How can one choose the place to learn?

3. How do people continue keeping the tradition?

4. Why is it never too late to learn?

5. How does “learn and play” technique work in the Dublin College of English?

6. What are the advantages of learning together?

7. Which subject is less popular?

**A.** Christ's Hospital school was founded in the 16th century. Its uniform at that time consisted of a long blue coat, a leather belt and yellow socks. Today students still wear the same uniform because they think it's a symbol that unites them. There was some talk about making the uniform more modern but it was decided to keep the original uniform.

**B.**The Dublin College of English offers one, two or three week Football and English Programmes. They are for young people who are interested in both learning English with native speakers and practising football. The students enjoy the friendly, inspiring atmosphere in the classrooms, after which they improve their skills on the school football pitch.

**C.** Harrow is a prestigious boys' school in northern London with a strict uniform policy. You can easily recognise a Harrow student by his hat, which is part of the uniform. All boys have to wear their hats every day when going to or from lessons. Some students are allowed to wear a different scarf, tie or jumper but the hat should always be there. Wearing it remains a must.

**D.** One of the recent trends is the growing number of elderly students in universities and colleges. It is believed that the elderly and the young can benefit from studying in a mixed class. The older ones are quicker at detailed and logical tasks. On the other hand, younger students can often help their older classmates with new gadgets and technologies.

**E.** When it comes to studying English abroad, try to get as much information about the school as possible. Asking the right questions will help you save money, time, and avoid culture shock. Remember that the school should provide you both with good teaching and with an unforgettable experience so besides everyday classes, social activities should be part of the programme.

**F.** In most British schools children start studying a foreign language at 11, but many are happy to give up languages completely at 14. Research suggests that students think that it is more difficult to get good marks in Modern Foreign Languages than in other subjects such as Science or History. They also say that foreign languages are less fun than other lessons like PE or Art.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Текст | A | B | C | D | E | F |
| Заголовок |  |  |  |  |  |  |

**13. Задание 13 №**[**918**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=918)

The Southern Beach offers tourists lots of different services.

1) True

2) False

3) Not stated

**The Dolphins Team**

The Dolphins is a relatively new beach service that has been in operation for three years so far, and we are growing fast. The tourist business in the region is booming. More and more people are coming to the Southern Beach every year and our services are in great demand.

We provide a variety of services to the beachgoers. We lend them beach equipment like parasols and beach chairs, we arrange boat tours, snorkelling and diving expeditions. However, first, and foremost, The Dolphins help swimmers who are in danger. We've got a highly professional rescue team. Last year we were awarded first prize in the national lifeguard competition in which the best teams of the country took part. Being a lifeguard is a job, not entertainment as some people may think. Anyone who wants to join us has to remember that the duty of a lifeguard is not only to be on watch and save careless holiday-makers but to prevent any dangerous situation for them.

Not only excellent physical condition but strong personal skills are necessary as beachgoers are not always very cooperative. Everyone knows that lifeguards fly flags of different colours: the green one indicates that the sea is calm and there's no danger for swimmers; the yellow flag means that the weather conditions are not very good — swimmers should be very careful and not go too deep. The red flag indicates that the situation is potentially dangerous and swimming is prohibited. It doesn't necessarily mean a storm, it could be a strong current, water pollution, the danger of marine animals attacking or something else. Unfortunately, some people ignore it and go into the water anyway. The beach patrol are not the police — we cant arrest people for disobedience. All we can do is educate people and get them to behave in a civilized way.

This is actually the main reason why we decided to set up our Summer Lifeguard School — we want to make the beach a safer and more civilized place. The school is for children from ten to seventeen who want to spend summer on the beach and learn some lifeguard skills. Anyone who meets the age requirement is admitted. Our instructors will teach them the basic skills of water safety and basic emergency procedures, the language of semaphore (that is how to use flags to transmit a message), how to avoid sunstroke and how to swim in the waves of the sea. Our open-air classes will be useful to everyone. Reckless divers and swimmers will understand that no one, no matter how sporty they are, can be absolutely free of risk in the sea. Those who are afraid to step into the water will learn to control their fear and will learn to swim (under the very close supervision of Our instructors).

On completing the summer course, the children will be awarded our Summer Lifeguard School Certificate and we hope some of them will join The Dolphins in the future. To do so, they will have to wait until they turn 18 and gain the Professional Lifeguard Certificate.

**14. Задание 14 №**[**919**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=919)

The Dolphins' main responsibility is to save drowning swimmers.

1) True

2) False

3) Not stated

**15. Задание 15 №**[**920**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=920)

The Dolphins rescue team is the only professional team in the country.

1) True

2) False

3) Not stated

**16. Задание 16 №**[**922**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=922)

The Dolphins perform the function of the police patrol on the beach.

1) True

2) False

3) Not stated

**17. Задание 17 №**[**923**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=923)

Children who are afraid of swimming can join Summer Lifeguard School, too.

1) True

2) False

3) Not stated

**18. Задание 18 №**[**924**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=924)

On completing the course, the children take an end-of-course exam.

1) True

2) False

3) Not stated

**19. Задание 19 №**[**925**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=925)

Children who complete the Summer Lifeguard School can work as lifeguards.

1) True

2) False

3) Not stated

4)

**20. Задание 20 №**[**1780**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=1780)

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

Jane’s parents wanted to buy a house in the countryside and were looking for something “nice but not very expensive”. It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (BE) not easy.

**21. Задание 21 №**[**1781**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=1781)

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

They had already seen seven houses but her mother \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (NOT / LIKE) any of them.

**22. Задание 22 №**[**1782**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=1782)

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

Now they were looking at the eighth house. Her mother was not happy with it either but it was the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (CHEAP) house on sale.

**23. Задание 23 №**[**1783**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=1783)

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

The house was very old. It was obvious that nobody had lived there for years. The old-fashioned furniture \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (COVER) with a thick layer of dust.

**24. Задание 24 №**[**1784**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=1784)

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

“It takes up too much room,” said the mother, pointing to the old piano in the corner, “We need to remove it from here.”

Jane came up to the piano and opened \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (IT) lid. She touched the yellowish keys.

**25. Задание 25 №**[**1785**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=1785)

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

Then she noticed two black-and-white\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (PHOTO) lying on the keyboard.

**26. Задание 26 №**[**1786**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=1786)

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

In one of them Jane \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (SEE) a small girl playing the piano. On the other there was a young woman. The girl and the woman looked very much alike.

**27. Задание 27 №**[**1787**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=1787)

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

“I wish I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (KNOW) who they were,” thought Jane,

**28. Задание 28 №**[**1788**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=1788)

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

“If we buy this house, I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (ASK) the neighbours. They probably remember them.”

**29. Задание 29 №**[**658**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=658)

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

*«Ratatouille is an American cartoon. The name of the cartoon comes from a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(TRADITION) French dish made of vegetables.»*

Ratatouille is an American cartoon. The name of the cartoon comes from a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(TRADITION) French dish made of vegetables. The main ION character is a rat Remy, who is interested in cooking and dreams of becoming a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(SUCCESS) chef. Remy is separated from his family at the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(BEGIN) of the movie. So he finds himself in Paris, France. There his unusual \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(FRIEND) with a poor boy begins. They both don't care that most people hate rats and try to get rid of them. Remy wants to help the boy. He tries to teach him how to cook \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(TASTE) dishes. The story ends \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(HAPPY) and the friends start a new restaurant.

**30. Задание 30 №**[**659**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=659)

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

*«The main ION character is a rat Remy, who is interested in cooking and dreams of becoming a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(SUCCESS) chef.»*

**31. Задание 31 №**[**660**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=660)

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

*«Remy is separated from his family at the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(BEGIN) of the movie. So he finds himself in Paris, France.»*

**32. Задание 32 №**[**661**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=661)

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

*«There his unusual \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(FRIEND) with a poor boy begins. They both don't care that most people hate rats and try to get rid of them. Remy wants to help the boy.»*

**33. Задание 33 №**[**662**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=662)

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

*«He tries to teach him how to cook \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(TASTE) dishes.»*

**34. Задание 34 №**[**663**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=663)

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

*«The story ends \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(HAPPY) and the friends start a new restaurant.»*

**35. Задание 35 №**[**6477**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=6477)

You have 30 minutes to do this task. You have received an email message from your English-speaking pen-friend Ben:

|  |
| --- |
| **From: Ben@mail.uk** |
| **To: Russian\_friend@sdamgia.ru** |
| **Subject: Dear friend** |
| *…Yesterday was a special day — we had the Earth Hour. My town (and lots of towns around) went dark for one hour. It’s one of the ideas of an ecological group called the Green Movement. We switched off the lights to draw people’s attention to the poor ecological situation on the planet…*  *…Do people have the Earth Hour in your country? What can people do to save energy in their everyday life? Do you approve of the Green Movement, why?* |

Write a message to Ben and answer his 3 questions. Write 100–120 words. Remember the rules of letter writing.

|  |
| --- |
| **From: Russian\_friend@sdamgia.ru** |
| **To: Ben@mail.uk** |
| **Subject: Dear friend** |
|  |

**36. Задание 36 №**[**1517**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=1517)

You are going to read the text aloud. You have 1.5 minutes to read the text silently, and then be ready to read it aloud. Remember that you will not have more than 2 minutes for reading aloud.

The carrot is a root vegetable which consists mostly of water and sugar. The carrots that we eat today originated from the wild ones which grew in Europe and Asia. The vegetable tasted sweet and the people began to use it as food.

There are two main types of carrots. There are eastern carrots that have dark purple roots and western carrots with orange roots. In fact, orange carrots first appeared in Europe in 1721. Dutch farmers selected orange carrots because orange is the colour of the Dutch Royal Family. Now orange carrots are widely grown all over the world. In modern households carrots are cooked and eaten in different ways. The vegetable is boiled, fried, baked and eaten raw. People also make juice from it.

**37. Задание 37 №**[**5796**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=5796)

You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions. Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

**38. Задание 38 №**[**2837**](https://en-oge.sdamgia.ru/problem?id=2837)

You are going to give a talk about shopping. You will have to start in 1,5 minutes and speak for not more than 2 minutes (10-12 sentences). Remember to say:

— what types of shops you know;

— how often you go shopping with your family;

— what type of shops you like most of all;

— what type of shopping you prefer (online/offline). Why?

You have to talk continuously.